ESTABLISHED 1840.

MEMPHIS, TENN., FRIDAY, JUNE 20. 1879.

VOL. XXXVIII-NUMBER 142

CLOSING BATES Yesterday of cotton: Liverpool cotton 6 7-8d; Memphis cotton, 12 1 8c; New Or leans cotton, 12c; New York cotton, 125 16c.

WEATHER INDICATIONS. WAR DEPARTMENT, OFFICE CR. Sig. OFFICER. WASHINGTON, June 20, 1 s.m. For Tennessee, the Ohio valley and lower lake region, easterly winds, warmer and

partly cloudy weather, falling barometer. WEATHER OBSERVATIONS. WAR DEP'T, SIGNAL SERVICE. U. S. ARMY, THURSDAY, June 19, 1879, 10:08 p.m. Place of Bar. Ther. Dir. | Force.

PERU is going into the paper-promise-topay business. 'Bad begins, but worse re-

DR. VANDERPOEL, the health officer of New York, is not an alarmet, and yet he ties, the book-keeper above mentioned, who boarded and roomed at her house. On exsays: "I make no attempt at concealment, but do not publicly report such cases unless inquiries are made. The facts as they stand are grave enough without trying to alarm the public. I think myself that unless a rigid quarantine is kept up there is a possibility of the yellow-fever making its appearance in who was then at Philadelphia making settlement with the parent house. Mrs. Topping

day appearance quite in keeping with an casion which its promoters have determined shall be conspiccous among the most marked in our history.

WE have been requested to state that the committees to select suitable articles to be

Davidson county, the news of which was published in the Appeal of yesterday, was a great surprise to Memphis, as many, if not most, of the indicted were well known here.

whatever small librar and the surface ate so that it will not go described. Fix it up in such ship, that he counted described have a fixtures about as I have them. In itemizing the clothing put in the fireman's uniform and the bale of military goods, so that the whole thing will figure up \$11.741 50.

Monday Noon. The charges on which the indictments are based are of the gravest possible character, and their investigation will be looked forward to with great interest by the people of all

AT KNOXVILLE, on Wednesday, after the presentation of diplomas to the graduates, the inauguration of the University followed, in pursuance of an act of the legislature, by the president. Governor Marks, in an appropriate address, installed the board of visitors recently appointed, the response on behalf of the board being delivered by Hon. Z. W. Ewing, of Polaski. Thus what was long known as the University of East Tennessee becomes in name, as it has long been in fact, a State institution.

WE are to have "a glorious Fourth." There will be processions and picnics and river excursions, and at night a pyrotechnic display that will be a special wonder until that of the next Fourth colipses it. It is to be hoped toat Old Prob. will order the weather to suit, so that the thousands from the surrounding country who have promised to unite with us on the "day we celebrate," may have the very fullest measure of enjoyment. After the pleasures of the twentyfourth come those of the national heliday, a I day dear to all American hearts, whether northern or southern, Democrat or Republi-

THE ruffigns who in cold-blood, the other day, assaulted a party of colored men and city, are to be examined to-day before Es- the police officers early yesterday morning, tion to the mercy of the court. Judge Wilquire Speiman, who will doubtless send but subsequently Wm. F. Moore we released them to jail to await the action of the grand jury. We hope they will be dealt with as speedily an possible. The wanton spirit that characterized these men is one that deserves the most summary punishment. They serves the most summary punishment. They clerks of the Wannamaker & Brown store, on answer was made of "Guilty of manslaughmust be taught that this is a free country. free to the poorest aggro as to the richest white man, and that all such vile, brutal and land was arrested and brought to the city. cowardly attempts to abridge that liberty will be punished as certainly as they occur.

THE death of Prince Napoleon, who was recently killed by a Zulu while reconnoitering in advance of the British lines in Africa, disposes of the Bonapartist business in French sand dollars, and it is stated that Mr. Evepolitics. Of course there are other claimants for the imperial crows, but none that the French people are likely to tolerate. The sad news of her son's death will be a fatal letter and telegrams. blow to his mother, who has long been an invalid. She centered all her hopes in him, herself wholly to the gloom that has threatened her ever since her husband's fall. The only thing that hinged her to life was the hope of his being restored to the throne of his father. That gone, her life becomes aimtess and hopeless, and in all probability will not be long prolonged.

JOHN J. O'BRIEN stands before the com munity branded as the seducer of Miss Voss. Twelve "good and true" men have so de-clared after a trial which, extending over many days, was conducted with both skill and administration indicate that they intend, as a rule, to comply with the State law, and disband, if they are unable to secure a license and ability. All the efforts of the seducer to escape behind an attempt to make his victim infamous proved futile. The facts were too patent even for his impudent bravado. He could neither cover them up nor seem of the cover the cover them up nor seem of the cover them up nor seem of t neutralize them. The very simplici- effect, and allow themselves to be arrested, that a test case may be arranged and the ty of manner that characterized constitutionality of the new law decided at the poor girl whose confidence in him has once. The prospect for trouble on the Fourth cost her so dearly was enough of itself to out- of July is, therefore, very nearly removed. weigh all his and the evidence of his witnesses. He has been marked with an indelible disgrace by a jury of his peers, and if he were | Sr. Louis, June 19.-Another cold-blooded punished as outcast women are, would, like them, be driven from society, with none to extend him a helping hand. He has blighted a young life, his brought a sorrowing old No. 319 South Third street, between the and man to an untimely grave, and has stained six o'clock. He plunged a large knife twice an honorable family with shame. More be could not do to deserve the highest punishment known to the law.

MYSTERIOUS.

Alleged Defalcation in the Clothing-House of Wannamaker & Brown-Arrest of Charles O. Eveland, Thomas Watties and Wm. F. Moore-The Latter Re-

leased from Custody.

Strange Letter Falls into the Hands of Chief-of-Police Athy - A Batch of Curious Telegrams Likewise Captured - The Matter Undergoleg, Investigation by the Authorities,

Quite a sensation developed yesterday fore-noon, caused by the arrest of Charles C. Eveland, agent or superintendent of the clothing-house of Wannamaker & Brown, The new water filter, the invention of Rev. Dr. Boggs, who has been conspicuous as Watties, book-keeper of the house, and Wm. Rev. Dr. Boggs, who has been conspicuous as a sensible santarian, is the next, and not the least of the coatributions for the preservation of the health of our people. We hope to give a full description of it in a few days.

Dr. Vandender, the health officer of the house, and Wm. F. Moore, a clerk, were also arrested by Chief-of-Police Athy, but subsequently the clerk, Wm. F. Moore, was released from coatrody. The cause of the arrests was that on Saturday last Mrs. Topping, who keeps a boardinghouse at 143 Washington street, found a mysterious looking pecketbook on the floor of the house, and Wm. the flor of the bed-room of Thomas Watamining the contents of the pocketbook a The laying of the corner-stone of the customhouse, on the twenty-fourth instant, will be attended by a brilliant display by our civic soluties and military companies. There will, no doubt, be a very large attendance by our country cousins, and the city will wear a boliciant and the city will wear a boliciant country cousins, and the city will wear a boliciant who was then at Philadelphia making settlement with the parent house. Mrs. Topping carried the pocketbook to Chief-of-Police Athy, and that energetic efficer at once telegraphed the facts to Wannamaker & Brown, at Philadelphia making settlement with the parent house. Mrs. Topping carried the pocketbook to Chief-of-Police Athy, and that energetic efficer at once telegraphed the facts to Wannamaker & Brown, at Philadelphia making settlement with the parent house. Mrs. Topping carried the pocketbook to Chief-of-Police Athy, and that energetic efficer at once telegraphed the facts to Wannamaker & Brown, at Philadelphia making settlement with the parent house. Mrs. Topping carried the pocketbook to Chief-of-Police Athy, and that energetic efficer at once telegraphed the facts to Wannamaker & Brown, at Philadelphia making settlement with the parent house. Mrs. Topping carried the pocketbook to Chief-of-Police Athy, and that energetic efficer at once telegraphed the facts to Wannamaker & Brown, at Philadelphia. The result was that Mr. R. C. Ogden, confidential agent of the house, arrived in this city on Wednesday morning, and it was at once decided to make the necessary and the city will wear a boliciant of the city will be a cit

THE MYSTERIOUS LETTER. PHILADELPHIA, February 10, 1879. FRIEND WILLIAM—I am having some little trouble with my shoot much more than I can account for, and Mr. W. H. W. must have the stock-book, with all the items, so he tests me this morning. He told me to telegraph at once for them. Now what I wish is that you and Wattles would draw off the items in abother book of the same size. You must add some it ims to it in the ready made and in clothes and in the fixtures, so that it will come out clothes and in the fixtures, so that it will come out clothes and in the fixtures, so that it will come out clothes and in the fixtures, so that it will come out clothes and in the fixtures, so that it will come out clothes and in the fixtures. deposited in the corner-stone of the Memphis customhouse will be obliged to persons who have such articles or relies, and are willing to donate them, to leave them with John S. Toof, of J. J. Busby & Co., before Monday next. The committee is composed of Andrew J. Keliar, Napoleon Hill, John S. Toof, George H. Sease.

The indictment of the county officers of Davidson county, the news of which was

> Don't, for God sa'te, make any blunder in this now have Wattles let me know just what the sales hav been to February 1st, and just what has been banke up to that time, and the amount of goods receive up to that time. Bend that book to Mr. W. H. W itemized and to show up \$11,741 50. Send it conce. Don't stop one moment, but get it off. Don't have the f'xtures go over seven hundred and fifty dollars...... Itemize the clothing to about..... Firemen's uniforms

927 00 245 50 Collect up as much as you can of everything that is on your books. Hurry this thing through. Send the itemized book to W. H. W. without any explanations.

C. O. E. TELEGRAM NUMBER 1. PHILADELPHIA, February 7, 1879.

Thomas Wattles, care Wannamaker & Brown: Make stock show up nine hundred dollars more a once. CHAS. O. EVELAND. TELEGRAM NO. 2. PHILADELPHIA, February 8, 1879. Thomas Watties, care Wannamaker & Brown:

Make your report show twelve thousand dollar Send by mail at once. CHAS. O. EVELAND, TELEGRAM NO. 3. PHILADELPHIA. February 12, 1879. Thomas Wattles, care Wannamaker & Brown: Send stock-book fixed as I wrote you at once. CHAS. O. EVELAND.

TELEGRAM NO. 4. PHILADELPHIA, February 17, 1879. Phomas Wattles, care Wannamaker & Brown: Put your books in good shape, so that they can be sent here if ordered. Take everything off on paper. CHAS. O. EVELAND.

TELEGRAM NO. 5. PHILADELPHIA, February 17, 1879. Thomas Watties, care Wannamaker & Brown: Don't send those books. Hold them till you heafrom me. C. O. EVELAND.

TELEGRAM NO. 6. PHILADELPHIA, March 1, 1879. Thomas Warkias:—Send me fifty dollars by tele-graph money order, without identification. CHAS. O. EVELAND. THE ARRESTS.

Thomas Watties, the book-keeper, and Wm. F. Moore, the clerk, were arrested by diot of guilty of murder with a recommendafrom custody. Detectives M Cune and Pryde be found, and the reply must not be guilty drove out to Gill's station, where the super-intendent, Charles O. Eveland, resided, he formula answer was made, but before the horseback, riding toward the residence of ter until the cighth juror was call 3, when their employer, Charles O. Eveland. One of the young men was Eveland's brother, and the their employer, Charles O. Eveland's special at a sensation. Judge Wilson then said the other, Mr. Woodward. Charles O Eve- as the jury had not raced they would again

Mr. Ogden, of Philadelphia, took charge of the store, and yesterday was engaged in making a thorough investigation of the books and in taking stock. From what could be learned by our commissioner, the defalcation will not probably amount to over one thouwas caused more by carelessness than crimiup in the manner indicated in the above

BOOKS AND STOCK EXAMINED.

COUNSEL EMPLOYED. General Horrigan has been employed to letend Eveland and Watties, while General Wright has been employed to prosecute the case on behalf of Wannamaker & Brown. It Horrigan would at once apply for a writ of arrest and detention. The matter will receive some judicial investigation to-day, of which our readers will be fully informed in to-morrow morning's APPEAL.

Brutal Murder of a Woman in St. No immediate cause is assigned for the act, I sale by

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but it is known that they have quarreled several times within a few months, and on one occasion he beat her badly.

Dr. Hull, Husband of the Murdered Woman, Examined Before the Coroner's Jury-A Strict Rule Kept Over the Witnesses.

THE HULL ASSASSINATION

NEW YORK, June 19 .- The testimony is the Hull murder case was resumed to-day. Only one witness was allowed in the courtroom at the same time, so that the other witlesses could not hear the testimony and ross-examination of another. The interest in the base is such that long before the time for taking the testimony every seat was occupied. Assistant-District-Attorney Rollins represented the people and John D. Town-send represented the family and Dr. Hull. Dr. Lorenzo S. Hull, busband of the murdered woman, appeared prostrated, and was the first witness. He spoke in low tones and said he heard Wednesday morning that his wife was dead; he dressed and went down stairs and found she had been murdered; the appearance she presented was awful; it nearly took away his senses; he could scarcely collect is thoughts to talk of the matter.

Cross examination.—Tuesday night he retired about half-past ten o'clock; Mr. Chittenden had visited him and his wife that very evening, as he frequently did; he left her house about a quarter after ten; during Chittenden's visit witness went to Madison avenue and Twenty third street to see a patient, and returned about a quarter before ten; was frequently in the habit of leaving Chittenden and Mrs. Hull together; went up stairs with an ordinary sperm in his hand, which he kept burning a few minutes fore lighting the gas; staid upstairs until two o'clock, and then fell asleep; heard Coleman come in about half-past twelve; heard nothing else during the night; there had been nothing unusual between himself and his wife on the evening before the murder.

EBING OUT THAT GUN.

Good News for Memphis-The Railroad from Kausas City to be Built-The Contract for the First Forty Miles Out.

Special to the Appeal. cheer to Memphis over results which have transpired here to-day—results which may at-arms be required to compel the attendance pletion of our road to Kansas City is now road are the purchasers of the old Kansas City and Memphis railroad. G. M. JONES.

WASHINGTON.

Itlicit Distilleries Scized in Georgia-The Indiana Contested Election Case -Five-Twenties to be Redeemed The American Minister at Port-au Prince "Pulling Through" the Fever.

Washington, June 19.—Commissione Raum received the following dispatch from the collector at Atlanta: "Deputies seized three illicit distilleries near the South Carolina line. Fifteen armed men were in posession of one distillery and the deputies had to fight to make the seigure. One illicit distiller was wounded."

AN ELECTION CONTEST. The house committee on elections to-day considered, without result, the Indiana con-tested election case of M'Cabe es. Orth, the sitting member. Contestant made application for an extension of time, which was allowed him, to file papers bearing on his case.

FIVE-TWENTIES. The secretary of the treasury gives notice hat he will redeem at once, without rebate of interest, all the outstanding five-twenty bonds, consols of 1867 and consols of 1868 called to mature on July 3d and 4th next.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS. The state department has advices from Port au-Prince that Prof. Langston, the merican minister, who has been dangerous-y ill with the yellow-feyer, is improving. The house census committee organized, and will probably hold sessions during the congressional recess.

THE DUEB MURDER

Trial Closed, the Prisoner Convicted mended to the Mercy of the Court-She is Fined Five Hundred Dollars.

Snow Hilt, June 19 .- The july in the case of Miss Ella Duer, charged with the homicide of Miss Ella Hearn, returned a verson informed the ju ; that the verdict must retire, which they did, and returned in a time with the verdict, "Guilty of manslaughter, with a r. m.nendation to the mercy of the court." The prisoner was then Judge Wilson in sentuncing the prisoner

Lilian Duer, you have been tried by a jury of true and honest men for one of the most being offenses known to law, and they have found you guilty of manslaughter. In view of the fact that there is no stain upon your previous life, the jury has recommended you to the mercy of the court, and the court is glad of it. The law permits imprisonment in the peritentiary or common jail, or to the maximum fine of five hundred dollars. The ourt will not sentence you to imprisonment, but as the offense was of a grave character, the court will impose the highest fine which the law was announced late yesterday that General provides. The court therefore sentences you to pay a fine of five hundred dollars, and to habens corpus on behalf of Eveland and stand committed until the fine is paid."
Watties, to inquire into the logality of their Her friends will at once pay the fine, when she will be discharged

THE South American republics are doing what they can to hammer the life out of each other. Chili and Peru have been at it for some time, and in the most barbarous man-CHICAGO, June 19 .- Interviews with the ner, and now the Argentine republic lends a pronunciamento by Negrete, Trevino and Naranjo, men of brilliant military antecefaction with the government of President Diaz, who is accused of baving been untrue

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 19 .- Providence, 8: Cleveland, 1

Boston, June 19 .- Boston, 6; Cincin-NEW BEDFORD, MASS., June 19.-Hay makers, 6; New Bedfords, 2. SYRACUSE, N. Y., June 19 .- Chicago, 4 Stars, J.

THE healthy growth of the baby is de pendent upon its freedom from the perni-cious effects of opium. Dr. Bull's baby syrup is the best remedy known for the diseases of early childhood, IT is economy to use Crescent baking powA QUIET DAY

In Congress Yesterday - The Senate, After Another Series of Filibustering, Adjourns, with the Understanding that a Vote will be had To-Day on the Army Appropriation

The Conference Report on the Judicial Expense Bill Warmly Discussed and Finally Passed in the House-The Trade-Bollar Exchange Bill also Passed-Text of the Bill.

WASHINGTON, June 10.-At ten minutes to four o'clock this morning an additional report was made by the sergeant-at-arms that he found the following senators absent from the city: Anthony, Beck, Butler, Edmunds. Farley, Grover, Hamlin, Hoar, Jones [Nev.], M'Pherson, Plumb, Sharon, White and Williams. Senators Davis [Ilis.] and Johnson were reported

Messengers had been sent to inform Sena-tors Bell, Bruce, Booth, Chandler, Coke, Dawes, Kellogg, Kirkwood, Morrill, Saun-ders, Wallace and Voorhees of the order of At ten minutes after five o'clock Senator

Paddock moved to adjourn. The presiding officer aroused with a start The presiding officer aroused with a start to put the question. The senators dozing in their seats bestirred themselves and waked up the senators soundly sleeping. Another call of the roll then took place, and the motion to adjourn was lost, and the sleepy situation again prevailed. At twenty-minutes after five o'clock the sergeant-at-arms further reported Senators Booth, Dawes and Kellogs, and they answered that they were too unwell to come to the senate. Senator Chandler would not answer the call. Senator Wallace was not found. Senators Morrill, Saunders was not found. Senators Morrill, Saunders and Bruce answered that they would come immediately, and Senators Bell, Coke and Kirkwood reported in person.

At intervals of about half an hour motions were made to dispense with further proceed-ings under a call, but only to be regularly voted down. Senator Morrill, at a quarter-past nine,

know who they are, and for that purpose, on assured, and forty miles in the direction of his motion, there was a call of the senate, Memphis is to be built as soon as possible. and thirty senators answered to their names.

The Missonri river Fort Scott and Gulf rail-Rollins hemorously remarked that he hoped the senator from Rhode Island, did not mean military force to compel the absentees to at-

geant-at arms proceeded to the execution of the order to compel the attendance of ab-Twenty-five Democrats and five Republicans were present. This number was increased from time to time by the arrival of other senators. After a long pause in the proceedings, Senator Withers, at ten minutes of twelve o'clock, made a parliamentary in-

quiry whether, if the senate adjourn now, the legislation of Thursday would begin at The chair responded that it would. Senator Withers moved to adjourn. Car-The senate reassembled at noon, and the

session was opened with prayer. The chair stated that he was informed by the clerk that owing to the length of the present session the journal was not completely made up. He suggested, therefore, that the reading ther of be dispensed with.

Senator Conkling—I object and insist on
the rules, which provide that the first business is the reading of the journal, Senator Davis [W.Va.]—I take it—

Senator Conkling (interrupting)-I object The Chair-The reading of the journal cannot be dispensed with except by unanimous consent. Finally, the clerk read the first part of the ournal, occupying about fifteen minutes. The chair then announced the reception of petitions and memorials to be in order. Senator Conkling-Has the journal been

The Chair-All that has been prepared. Senator Conkling demanded that the whole of the journal be read. He referred to the rules o show that the reading of the journal was the first business in order, and that the reading could not be dispensed with unless by general consent. The chair announced his decision that the business of the senate could not be obstructed by not reading the entire journal. The remainder, when prepared, could be read here-

after. Senator Conkling appealed from the de cision, and said this was a question of parliamentary law, not a matter of order but of would be dangerous.

guired to assign his reasons for such refusal.

The question shall then be submitted to the canatar shall be excused.

The question shall then be submitted to the canatar shall be excused. from Michigan, for the reasons stated, shall be excused from voting. All the votes given

were by the Democrats in the negative—33; no Republicans voted.

After further similar proceedings, the chair said that at the close of the morning hour he should have amounced a resumption of the consideration of the army appropriation bill, and did so now, Senator Carpenter being entitled to the floor. The chair was satisfied by the count that a quorum was present.

Senator Carpenter said he supposed that by this time the majority had discovered they could not coerce the minority at the count of the proceedings could go on just as long as the majority should think proper. The minority at the condition that we shall be permitted to the floor. The chair was satisfied by the count of the minority at the count of ority should think proper. The minority at | it on condition that we shall be permitted to

bill. The discussion was confined to party politics to be distributed throughout the country. This was so declared, announced and understood. Then, after six o'clock, it was declared by the majority that the minority must proceed with the debate on the bill. The minority thought that this was no out-

The minority thought that this was an outrage, a parliamentary oppression, and they thought that they ought to show that they could not be treated in that way. If the D mocrats would now agree to adjourn, so that all could have sleep and rest, he had no could that a vote could be reached to-mornow. He was too unwell to deliver his views to the that he was too unwell to deliver his views. star of our desire to get away, accept the dis bill places the President of the United States. It puts him absolutely between two fires. The fire of your law on one side, and the fire to-day, but would do so to-morrow. He would of heaven and his oath on the other.

not make a stump speech, but would address Mr. M'Mahon—How is the President at all not make a stump speech, but would address himself to the legal principle and details involved in the bill. He made the suggestion of adjournment in good nature.

Senator Davis [W. Va.]—Will you name an hour for a vote on the bill?

Senator Carpenter—No doubt a vote can be reached to morrow. tathfully executed. You do not repeal this law, but you make it impossible for him to execute it without his assuming the danger on the one hand of your impeaching him, or on the other hand without neglecting his duty and violating his oath. Now, I take it that no President of the United States can allow himself to be put in that attitude. The

interfered with?

law on the other hand.

as threatening us with another veto.

Mr. Springer agreed that the supervisors of election were not paid out of the perma-

stitution, and utterly subversive of the right

himself in the attitude of saying to the major-

but never. We will not appropriate one dol

year and a half ago, had voted against the

more than a prostitution of their congres-

sional duties to partisan fidelity. If those

gentlemen desired to stiffen that member of

money to run the courts of the country.'

Never?" on the Republican side.]

Mr. Garfield-The President has taken an

oath that he shall see to it that the laws be faithfully executed. You do not repeal this

ached to morrow. Senator Davis-Do you speak for all your side of the chamber? Senator Carpenter-I understand that there is no doubt on this side that a vote may be taken by six o'clock to-motrow, and no at-tempt will be made to defer proceedings be-yond proper debate. This was consented to by all around.

Senator Withers wished to say that the senator from Wisconsin had stated the Democratic position with perfect fairness. He admitted that an undue portion of yesterday was consumed by Democratic senators. The opposition to the motion to adjourn was not made to compare the same of the senators. made to compel the discussion to go on, but to procure the assent of the minority that the bill should be disposed of at a fixed time. He had no motive to sit out the bill. If they could have had any assurances last night that a vote could be had at any time to-day, there would have been no opposition to an adjourn-ment. He acquiesced in the suggestion of the senator from Wisconsin that the senate

Senator Cokling, after saying that the ob-servations of the senator from West Virginia minority of their rights. That minority was so large that the majority found itself para-lyzed for lack of members to secure a quorum. One of the sections of the army bill so called, as the Republicans believed, violated the constitution of the country. That was one objection. It curtailed or abridged or paralyzed, in words and effect the constitutional powers, and forbade the execution of the constitutional duties of the national executive. More than that they believe that it was designed as a forerunner to usher in for the next fiscal year a similar provision. They believed that this proposed legislation, taken in connection with the so called judicial bill, would in the end accomplish absolutely everything in the power of the two houses for which this extra session was forced and designed. The majority must not forget that the minority have duties imposed by their oaths, that they had rights and obligations which they are bound to defend by all the man from Ohio said that unless the majority modes of parliamentary warfare for the protection of minorities. He would not say that anything that had fallen from the lips of the readily secured if ten carriages were employed to bring in the absentees.

The motion of Senator Bornside was agreed to.

At fifteen minutes to ten calculate the content of the majority would consent to bygones. If the majority would consent to side of the borns was a nullification to refuse to vote appropriations for unconstitutional purposes. If that was a nullification the gentlemen on his bygones. If the majority would consent to side of the borns was a nullification to refuse to vote appropriations for unconstitutional purposes.

bygones. If the majority would consent to adjourn, he was willing to come here to morning the was willing to come here to morning the make the most of it. If the speech of the make the most of it. row, and go on with the bill to its final con-Senator Withers explained that there was no period of time yesterday that he would not have consented to such an arrangement s was now proposed.

Senator Hill entered his protest against the purpose I demand, I will not let you have as was now proposed. doctrine announced by the senator from Wisconsis, and which he presumed was indorsed by his Republican friends. The doctrine to the majority in congress and commanding it which he alluded was that senators had a to do what it deemed unconstitutional. The

constitutional right to set in their places and refuse to vote for the purpose of preventing progress of legislation. Not meaning to reflect on the motives of such senators, he wished to say that there was as much obligation to perform a public duty and to per-form it correctly and that there was just as much wrong to refuse to perform that duty as to perform it improperly. If they could obstruct legislation for one day, they could obstruct legislation for one day, they could changed when, on an offer of an appropria-tion bill, or any legislation, somebody who sion. It was a proceeding unknown to the constitution, and if persisted in would de: stroy the government. Senator Carpenter-While the constituthe United States [jeers on the Republican side], seemed to be charged with the special tion requires legislation to be proceeded with,

it does not require the passage of a bill of this importance after six o'clock in the evening, without an opportunity for examination. dency by fraud, was not going to approve the Senator Hill-Men always plead constitu-Senator Hill—Men always plead constitu-tional right to justify revolution and the overthrow of the government.

Genator Carpenter—It is the mildest pos-sible form of revolution sible form of revolution. Senator Hill -The government is as much destroyed by non-action as mal-action. If one member is justified every other member

is justified in non-action, and thus the government becomes a failure. It is the most insidous form possible to produce revolution and distraction. I trust the people will awaken to the fact that there is more than one way to revolutionize the government. IN THE HOUSE.

privilege. The chair, by his mere decision, any contract or the incurring of any liability privilege. The chair, by his mere decision, and contract or the incurring of any liability privilege. The chair, by his mere decision, and when gentlemen on the under the provision of the revised statutes have legislation, and when gentlemen on the plied that when his creditors were paid he other side refused to vote it was nothing would abdicate. authorizing the appointment or payment of Senator Hereford moved to lay the appeal on the table. The vote was—year, 33 Democrats, and only 4 nays, Republicans, namely—Booth, Burnside, Morrill and Windom.

Mr. Monroe, one of the conferees on the No quorum voting, the roll of senators was part of the house, explained the reason of his if they wanted to say that they would not the coinage of silver. He said that it was alled, and fit y senators (more than a quo- oor point on to the report, and in answer to vote for an appropriation bill unless it pro- necessary to clearly define the situation, rum) answered to their names. The question on Senator Hereford's motion were again to the same, but for different reasons.

The question on Senator Hereford's motion were again to the study may made the issue the better; the people was made to find where the Republican party intended to modify the law fixing upon the stood. In conclusion, he said: "We welcome gold standard had been treated as an open namely—Allicon, Booth Burnside and Mor- the adoption of the latter amendment he you on that field of battle before the people rill. The roll was again called and fit.y-two would be celuctantly compelled to vote members answered to their name. The against the bill. He thought the report left question recurred on Senator Hereford's mother than when it who are nullifiers; who say, 'The elections did not think it expedient unnecessarily to

from voting. Senator Bayard remarked that | youd making appropriations, and proposed the senators on the other side, although in to prevent the executive authority of the gov-their seats, had declined to vote. He named ernment from enforcing the law. The issue Senator Chandler as among the number, and | was narrowed down to this point: The maasked for the enforcement of the rule.

The chair ac ordingly called on Senator Chandler, who said: "I look upon this as an attempt, in an unconstitutional manner, to laws as embodied in title 26 of the revised On motion of Mr. Warner, that trade doloverturn violently a standing rule of this statutes, and confessed that the clause in the body, that cannot be overturned except in a regular way. I will not vote to make a quorum to do an unconstitutional and wrong act." [Applause on the galleries.]

The chair [Senator Harris temporarily pre-]

statutes, and confessed that the clause in the conference report was intended and devised for that purpose. That made a square issue of this act; that trade dollars received under this act; that trade dollars re The chair [Senator Harris temporarily presiding] admonished those making this de-February 28, 1878. monstration that if repeated, though slightly, side of the house was willing to offer or to be would order the galleries to be cleared. amendment striking out the words "at par He then said that under the seventeenth rule it became the duty of the chair to put the question te the senate whether the senator courts. That would be in the direction of passed without the passed with adjourned.
The following is the text of the bill as legislation to cure the evil complained of. The other side, for want of a two-thirds mawere by the Democrats in the negative—33; jority, could not constitutionally repeal the passed: o Republicans voted.

After further similar proceedings, the chair it, it wished to prevent the execution of the

der. It is of superior strongth. Try it. For the army bill, but making campaign speeches, either be discharged or shall be untried Keinkouff & Strauss's wholesale dry goods sale by g. M. STRATTON & CO. No allusion was made to the details of the against the constitutional provision. It will house. Loss, \$125,000; insured.

CABLE NEWS.

unlawful to feed him, unlawful to discharge him, unlawful to keep him and unlawful to try him. Gentlemen, he continued, we want this long, weary, uncomfortable session until we are anxious to go home and rest, but we Prince Louis Napoleon Killed by an Am bush of Zulus while Reconneitering cannot, even under the pressure of the dog in Front of the British Lineshonor which this bill offers. It is a mora bribe to us; see the attitude in which the His Body Recevered-Pro- . gress of the Angle-Zulu War.

> Socialist Conspiracy Discovered Spain-The Anglo-Portuguese Treaty -Silver Comage in Germany-Weston's Last and Greatest Victory-British Aid for the Canadian Pacific-Railway.

wisdom of the old writer of proverbs—"sure-ly, in vain the set is spread in sight of any bird," is quite likely to apply in this case. I London, June 19.—A Reuter's dispatch from Cape Town, dated June 3d. via Madeira, to-day, states that Prince Louis Napoleon, the prince-imperial of France, accompanied by other efficers, left Colonel Wood's camp to reconnoiter. The party dismounted in the mealse on the field, when the enemy crept upon them and assieged the prince, killing him. His body was recovered.

A Times correspondent writing from Italy Hill on the second instant, says: "The body of the prince imperial was discovered in a field of long grass. There were no bullet wounds upon it, but there were seventeen wounds made by assegai. The body was personnel in the blood, and I cannot see any appearance of salt rheam on my head and all through my hair, the Salt Rheam on my head and all through my hair, the Salt Rheam on my head and all through my hair, the Salt Rheam on my head and all through my hair, and the Salt Rheam on my head and all through my hair, and the Salt Rheam on my head and all through my hair, and the Salt Rheam on my head and all through my hair, and the Salt Rheam on my head and all through my hair, and the Salt Rheam on my head and all through my hair, and the Salt Rheam on my head and all through my hair, and the Salt Rheam on my head and all through my hair, and the Salt Rheam on my head and all through my hair, and the Salt Rheam on my head and all through my hair, and the Salt Rheam on my head and all through my hair, and the Salt Rheam on my head and all through my hair, and the Salt Rheam on my least for the past four years, having and the Salt Rheam on my least for the past four years, having and the Salt Rheam on my least for the past four years, and the Salt Rheam on my lead and all through my hair, and the Salt Rheam on my lead and all through my hair, and the Salt Rheam on my lead and all through my hair, and the Salt Rheam on my lead and all through my hair, and the Salt Rheam on my lead and all through my hair, and the Salt Rheam on my lead and all through my hair, and the Salt Rheam on my lead and all through my hai do not see that there is any probability that you can catch the President in this net, or that he will allow himself to be put in a po-sition where he will be compelled to decide between obeying his oath to the constitution on the one hand and obeying this entangling Mr. House-I understood the gentleman Mr. Garfield-Oh, my dear sir, we have heard of wars and rumors of wars in other heard of wars and rumors of wars in other quarters, but in this house, in this dignified body, conceded to be the only real sovereign of this country, we have not only come to threats but have even come to blows. I am as far as possible from making either. I only say to you that you offer a bill to the approval of a man who, if he did approve it would be placed in a position where he would be placed in a position where he would has cast gloom over the city. All the

perial has cast gloom over the city. All the flags are flying at half-mast.

would be placed in a position where he would have to choose between the law and this bill. I appeal to gentlemen to say whether that is not quite the thing. I had very much hoped yesterday that we would see a way to get through and have a bill which this side could approve of, and that we might harmoniously shake hands and go home. But farewell to Progress of the Angle-Zulu War. CAPE Town, June 3.—Colonel Newdegate reached Koppessiene May 29th, where a permanent camp has been established. A further advance was made June 24. Another all prospects of home—we stay. [This sentiment was strongly applauded on the Republican side of the house.] of Cetewayo's envoys has reached Fort Cheimsford. John Duan has gone to confer with him. Cetewayo tried unsuccessfully to obtain ammunition at Delaycobay. A small British force was surprised on Orange river by a large body of Basu'as. Several of the British were assigged in their tents. Six were killed and fifteen wounded. The enemy were pursued, and heavy loss inflicted upon them. Sir Bartle Frere reached Beautert nent appropriation fund, but still he would support the report of the conference com-mittee, for the reason that it did, so far as May 31st.

A Socialist Conspiracy in Spain. MADRID, June 19 .- A socialist conspiracy has been discovered at San Miguel. Seven conspirators have been imprisoned and a list the throne. Premier Campos stated that the government fully intended to settle the Cuban question, and would pursue a conciliatory policy toward Cuba. He considered it impossible to abolish slave. Immediately. The address was adopted—yeas, 149; nays, 2.

During the military review here to decrease.

The CUTICURA REMEDIES are prepared by Weeks & Potter, chemists and druggists, 300 Washington street, Beston, and are for sale by all druggists. I rice of CUTICURA, small boxes, 50 cents; purposition of small, 31. RESOLVENT, 81 per bottle. CUTICURA SOAP, 25 cents; by mall, 30 cents. Supposition of the military review here to decrease. for a purpose which the majority deemed the throne. unconstitutional. The majority believe that the election laws were in violation of the con-

During the military review here to-day an ammunition wagon exploded, killing two soldiers and wounding two soldiers and several spectators. The Anglo-Portuguese Treaty. LONDON, June 19 .- The cortes has ratified e treaty with Great Britain establishing a sts. Indigestion, Billous Colle, Cramps and Pains customs union between the British and Portuguese East Indies, and the customhouses between the two will be abolished. The Portuguese Last Indies, and Sore Lungs, Coughs and Colds, Weak Back gentleman from Ohio was intended to tuguese will adopt the British Indies tariff | Ague and Liver Palns. imply that the President would veto this bill, if the President did veto it, he would place excise, money, weights, measures, and extradition regulations. The British salt monopoly will be extended to Portuguese territory in consideration of indemnity to the latter of four lacs of rapees annually.

British Aid for the Canadian Pacific Railway. would put himself in the attitude of defying London, June 19.—In the house of commons, to-day, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, in majority would never do it. [Cries of "What! replying to a question by John Bright conerning the deputation said to be coming Mr. Springer-No. never: not hardly ever. from Canada to ask the government for a loan or guarantee for the purpose of con-structing the Pacific railway, said all he lar to pay the deputy marshals of election [Applause on the Democratic side.]
Mr. Houk—You frighten this side of the knew about it was the resolution of the Canadian parliament respecting the Pacific railway. The deputation, he said, was certainly not coming in consequence of any Mr. M'Mahon thought that times had sadly communication on the subject between the

two governments. Westen Winning the Tramp Cham-pienship of the World. LONDON, June 19 .- Sir John Astley paid Weston a visit in his tent to-night. commission of coming here on the floor to tell the representatives of the people that that gentleman, who had got into the Presichatting a while, Sir John said to Weston Well, you look in good fettle; now, I'll tel you what I'll do, so that this tournamen shall be a memorable one. I'll wager five hundred pounds to your one hundred pounds that you don't cover five hundred and fifty miles by Saturday night. Do you take me?"
"Certainly, Sir John," said Weston; "the
five 'centuries' will make a good lining to the but they had progressed in that branch of the public service. Who were the gentlemen who talked about nullification? Men who, a belt." The two men shook hands and parted. Brown is ordered to remain in his tent, by his medical adviser, for five hours reat. This will undoubtedly give the race to Wes-

LONDON, June 19 .- A correspondent at one way to revolutionize the government.

The senate, on motion of Senator Thurman, and in pursuance of the proposition of Lenator Carpenter, adjourned.

of causes from State courts, and the bill, and now, when the majority had brought an army appropriation bill, it had witnessed a the khedive in case he refuses the European demand. Telegrams from Cairo report that the English and French consuls-generals had spectacle-but he would not allude to it, Mr. M'Mahon submitted the conference report upon the judicial expenses bill, section 2, prohibiting the making of in the majority. They represented the majority. They represented the majority demands a length of the lemands. Telegrams from Cairo report that the English and French consuls-generals had miles from the capital. The Democrats were in the majority. They represented the majority demands of the length of the l the English and French consuls-generals had an interview with the khedive yesterday and demanded his abdication in favor of his son, Prince Mehamed Tewpik. The khedive reother side refused to vote it was nothing

German Bilver Coinage BERLIN, June 19 .- In the reichstag to-day Herr Delbruck presented the interpellation the chief executive known as his backbone; in regard to the government discontinuing

members answered to their names.

In the decision of Senator Hereford's mothed decision of the chair on the bill in a better condition than when it decision of the chair on the bill. No quorum votad, only three Republicans—Burnside, Kirkwood and More'l answering to their names.

Senator Bayare before the vota was analyse of the rouncid, call 1 attention to the seventienth rule, which provides that when a senator who is present shall refuse to vota, he shall be re
against the bill in a better condition than when it on give leastened the holls in a bill had been left in such a form as on principle the Republicans had been opposed to all along and were opposed to now. It was rule, which provides that when a senator who is present shall refuse to vota, he shall be re
against the bill in a better condition than when it on give lessened the danger with which the departments of the government had been threatened. Still the side, Kirkwood and More'l answering to their had been opposed to all along and were opposed to now. It was family a proposition to take from title 26 of the vota was an it.

Senator Bayare before the vota was an it.

Senator Bayare before the vota was an interpretation to the departments of the government had been opposed to all along and were opposed to now. It was family a proposition to take from title 26 of the count in the resident the report to the bill had been the departments of the course shall be corrupt, and if we cannot have them corrupt there shall be corrupt, and if we cannot have them corrupt there shall be corrupt, and if we cannot have them corrupt there shall be corrupt, and if we cannot have them corrupt there shall be corrupt, and if we cannot have them corrupt there shall be corrupt, and if we cannot have them corrupt there shall be corrupt, and if we cannot have them corrupt there shall be corrupt, and if we cannot have them corrupt there shall be corrupt, and if we cannot have them corrupt there shall be corrupt, and if we cannot have them corrupt there shall be corrupt. nally discussion was closed and a vote pension of silver sales was a measure of ex wes taken on the conference report. The re- pediency adopted, expecting an increase of port was adopted by a strict party vote— value. Any doubt respecting the stability of yeas, 102; nays, 79-Mr. Cox not voting on German coinage legislation was wholly un-

either side.

The house then took up the bill to provide for the exchange of trade dollars for legal-tender silver dollars.

After debate, the house proceeded to vote upon the amounts, and the following week. upon the amounts, and the following were "the German government is preparing to introduce and adopt a double standard, as in France.11 must have been better informed

> GENTLEMEN who desire fine whisky for ome use would do well to call for Green Brier. It can be obtained from any of the principal jobbers and dealers.

MARRIED.

STEWART-WOODS-At the residence of Mrs. Mary White, on Thursday evening. June 19, 1879, by Rev. R. H. Mahon, Mr. J. D STEWART and Mrs. S. A. WOODS. No card.

THE officers and members of Desoto
Lodge, No. 399, F. & A. M., are hereby
notified to attend the semi-annual communication of this Lodge this (FRIDAY) evening, June 20th, at 8 o'clock. A full and prompt attendance is earnestly destred. Members of city
lodges are invited.
H. M. BAGAN, Segretary.

Knights of Pythias, times were driven to stand on their reserved rights, and they were the exclusive judges of their conduct. The Republicans had their rights and would stand by them. The entire lay yesterday was occupied, not in debate on the army bill, but making campaign speeches. No allusion was made to the details of the

HUMORS OF THE SCALP. LOSS OF HAIR.

Loss of Hair in thousands of cases is due entirely to some form of searo disease. Seventy-five per cent, of the number of bald heads might be covered with hair by a judicious use of Cuticara assisted by Cuticara Soap. It is the most agreeable as well as the most effective hair restorer ever produced by man. It is medicinal in the truest sense of the word. All others are some oleagenous maxture or poisonous dyes. None but Cuticara poissases the specific medical properties that enable it to cure all theing and scaly diseases that inflame and trritate the scale and hair plands and tubes, causing premature baldness. Medium doses of the Cuticara Resolvent will purify the cil and sweat glands of the virus of scrofulous humor of the blood and insure a permanent cure, when taken in connection with the outward application of Cuticara.

SALT RHEUM AND DANDRUFF

Cured that Several Physicians had Faired to Treat Successfully,

HUMOR OF THE SCALP That was Destroying the Hair, Cured with One Box of Cuticura. Misses. Weeks & Pottes.—Gendlemen: I want to tell you what Outcura has done for me. About ten pears ago my hair began falling out, caused by hamor of the scalp. I tried various remedies, too numerous to mention, without relief, until I began using Outcura, one box of which has entirely cured me and new hair is beginning to grow. Respectfully.

897 W. Lake street, Chicago, III., Nov. 13, 1878.
We know the above to be true.

MARY E. TOWNSEND, 412 W. Jackson St. MRS. C. A. GRAY, 341 Fulton St.

SCALD HEAD

For Nine Years Cured when all other Remedies Falled. WEERS & POTTER-Gentlemen Jackson, Welas & Potter-Gentlemen: Since July last I have been using your Outleurs for Scald Head, and it has cured me when all medicines that I have taken for nine years did me no good. I am now using it as a hat dressing, but my head is well. It keeps the hair in very tice condition. Yours truly, Auditor Fort Wayne, Jackson & Saginaw R. R. Jackson, Mich., Dec. 20, 1878.

COLLINS Instantly they banish Pain VOLTAIC ELECTRIC and Weakness, rouse the PLASTERS dormant Muscles into new



Tarrant's Seltzer Aperient. which I keep always in the house." Wise man, and economical as well. He does not resort to violent means for relief. He uses Nature's remedy, in the Shape of this aperient.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Knights of Innisfall. MEMBERS will meet for drill this (FRIDAY) evening, June 20th, at 71/2 o'clock sharp. Fine for non-attendance. JAMES F. RYAN, Commander. NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

DROPOSALS will be received by the City Clerk of the Common Council of this city until the 30th of June, 1870, for Shaping and Macadamizing and Surbing streets of this city. All blds to be presented Larres Book, Sune 14, 1879.

Mosman's best Bows, made to weight Also, Wright & Thora's Patent Adjust-WILLS & WILDBERGER'S. 317 Main street, Memphis.



250 Main. Memphis, Tennessee. 269 MAIN, OPP. COURT SQUARE Great Reduction

- IN --MILLINERY GOODS N ORDER TO REDUCE OUR SPRING STOCK, we have this day marked down all our good

FIFTY PER CEAT. AND WILL SELL, REGARDLESS OF COST SUN HATS at ... DRESS HATS at ... LEGHORN HATS at ... CHIP HATS at ... RUSIIC HATS TRIMMED HATS AND BONNETS FRENCH PATTERN BONNETS. ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS, Wreaths, Montures and Bunch Flowers, at half theirvalue. Fans. Jewelry, Combs, Braceletz, Guffs, Collars, Tes, Bibbons, etc., at remarkably low prices. Call nd examine for yourselves.

269 Main street, opposite Court Square Non-Resident Notice. o. 3368—In the Chancery Court of Shelby county. Tennessee—Win. H. Walker vs. W. S. Müller et al. T appearing from amidavit in this cause that the defendants, W. D. Boyd and Lee Boyd are non-sidents of the State of Tennessee and residents of residents of the State of Tennessee and residents of Texas:

It is therefore ordered. That they make their appearance herein, at the Courtbouse of Shelby county, in Memphis, Tenn, on or before the first Monday in August, 1879, and plead, answer or denur to compisionant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing exparts; and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the Memphis APPRAL.

This June 19, 1879. A Copy—attest:

E. J. BLACK, Corek and Master.

By E. B. M'HENRY, Deputy Clerk and Master.

Tayior & Carroll, Sols, for complainant.